

Dolphin

CPAP



User Manual



CPAP



1.20

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Company Information

MTTS



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The device, a CPAP or Continuous Positive Airway Pressure machine, is designed to help premature and sick newborns who cannot breathe well on their own. The Wellcome Trust assisted with funding for the Thrive Networks and its partner, Vietnam-based social enterprise MTTS, for early development and pilot studies to prepare the device for CE-mark approval. The Wellcome Trust is no longer involved with the project.

The results of the study that compares CPAP Machines With Reusable vs Disposable Circuits are available under following link:

https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/record/NCT03121612

Company Information



Possesion or purchase of this device does not convey any express or implied license to use the device with unauthorized sensors or cables which could, alone or in combination with this device, fall within the scope of one or more of the patents relating to this device.

www.masimo.com/patents.htm





Warnings



Warnings

- To avoid the risk of electric shock, this equipment must only be connected to a supply mains with protective earth.
- Adding heat to the patient circuit above ambient temperature levels could result in higher condensation in the inspiratory tube. This includes heat added through incubators, overhead warmers or blankets covering some part of the heated patient circuit.
- Check regularly if the temperature probes are fully inserted into the ports and if the connection is tight.
- Ambient conditions can cause excessive condensation in breathing circuit. This effect can be reduced by adjusting T1 and T2 temperatures.
- Do not lift and tilt humidifier during the use.
- Patient interfaces, including masks, nasal interfaces, and endotracheal (ET) tubes, must be biocompatible and comply with ISO 10993 standards to ensure patient safety. Use of non-compliant
 materials may cause skin irritation, allergic reactions, or toxic exposure. Always verify compatibility before use.
- Using the device outside of the specified ambient temperature range (19°C to 37°C) or humidity range (30%RH to 90%RH) can compromise performance.
- Do not modify this equipment without authorization of the manufacturer.
- All sensors and cables are designed for use with specific monitors. Verify the compatibility of the monitor, cable and sensor before use, otherwise patient injury can result.
- To avoid cross contamination only use Masimo single use sensors on the same patient.
- Ensure backup power is available. A power outage may result in the loss of respiratory support, leading to respiratory distress.
- Contact with conductive parts of the device may result in electric shock.
- This device may emit radio frequencies that interfere with nearby medical equipment, potentially compromising the essential performance of sensitive devices.
- Nearby electronic devices may interfere with this device, causing it to malfunction and leading to a loss of respiratory support.
- Failure of temperature control components may result in excessively hot inspired gases, causing internal burns.

Warnings

- Avoid contact with hot parts of the device and allow time for cooling after use to prevent burns to medical staff.
- Operating the humidifier without water can dry out the patient's airways, increasing breathing difficulty.
- High-flow conditions may cause temperature sensors to become disconnected. Ensure all connections are secure before use.
- Hardware faults in the air supply system may cause excessive pressure, leading to lung injury (barotrauma/volutrauma) and prolonged hospitalization.
- Failure of air delivery components may result in insufficient airflow, leading to ineffective treatment.
- Poor maintenance of filters may reduce airflow, causing ineffective treatment and prolonged recovery.
- Heater wire or temperature sensor failure may cause condensation buildup, increasing the risk of airway occlusion.
- Incorrect temperature settings in low ambient conditions may lead to excessive condensation, increasing the risk of airway occlusion.
- Reusable pulse oximetry probes must be properly disinfected to prevent infections.
- Reusable breathing circuits must be sterilized between uses to prevent infections.
- Prolonged contact with device materials may cause irritation or other adverse biological effects in patients.
- A degraded seal in an oxygen-rich environment may cause undetected oxygen buildup, increasing the risk of fire.
- Malfunctions in the oxygen delivery system may result in excessive oxygen administration, increasing the risk of retinopathy of prematurity.
- Depletion of the oxygen supply may lead to respiratory distress. Ensure oxygen levels are monitored.
- Read, understand, and follow the Instructions for Use to ensure safe and effective treatment.

 Monitor the device and respond to alarms promptly.
- Prolonged exposure to high alarm volumes may cause fatigue or hearing impairment in patients and staff.





Warnings

- Ensure the device is placed on a stable surface to prevent tipping, which may result in device damage and loss of respiratory support.
- Objects placed above the device may fall and damage the unit. Keep the area above the device clear.
- Movement of the device may cause water from the humidifier to spill, potentially leading to device malfunction. Move the device cautiously.

Introduction

Intended purpose

The Dolphin CPAP device is intended to provide continuous positive airway pressure to spontaneously breathing neonates and infants who require breathing support.

Intended users

Qualified medical professionals with relevant training, experience in neonatal care and knowledge of:

- basic principles of CPAP respiratory care
- the specialized care needed for pre-term and full-term neonates
- basic principles of pulse oximetry

Intended patient population

- Age: Premature and full term neonates (neonates >25 weeks gestational age)
- Weight: < 10kg

Indications

Dolphin CPAP is indicated to conditions associated with prematurity (such as respiratory distress syndrome) or other conditions where continuous positive airway pressure (CPAP) is required and prescribed by a physician.

Contraindications

- Non-spontaneous breathing
- Congenital abnormalities or malformations where bi-nasal prongs or nasal mask contraindicated (e.g. choanal atresia).
- Congenital abnormalities or malformations where positive pressure therapies are contraindicated (e.g. diaghragmatic hernia and tracheo osesphageal fistula).
- Nasal trauma or severe deformity that might be exacerbated by the use of nasal prongs or a nasal mask.
- Pulmonary hemorrhage.
- Uncontrolled hypoxia or respiratory failure unresponsive to CPAP therapy.

Limitations

- Infant Weight: < 10kg
- Breathing circuit must be reprocessed before use with patient.
- The Dolphin CPAP device is for use in the hospital settings.
- Requires regular refilling with distilled water

Clinical Benefit

The clinical benefit is the improvement of the patient's oxygenation level in the blood over the average 24 hour-treatment.

Side effects

Known side effects of continuous positive airway pressure therapy (CPAP) are:

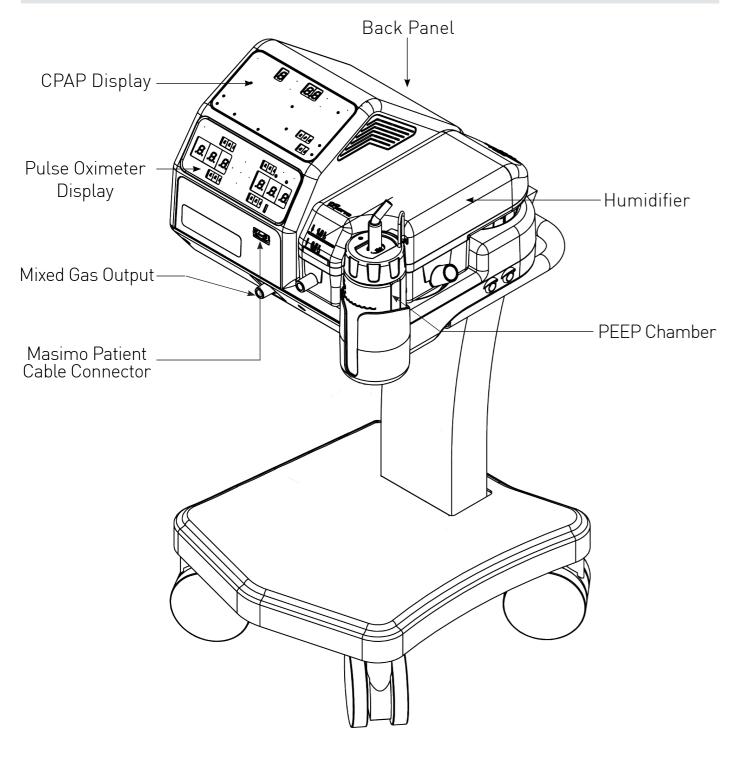
- congestion, runny nose, dry mouth, nosebleeds, rhinitis, sinusitis
- otitis media
- gastric distension, gastroesophageal reflux.
- pneumothorax
- facial deformities

NOTE: Any serious incident that has occurred in relation to the device should be reported to MTTS and the competent authority of the Member State in which the user and/or patient is established.



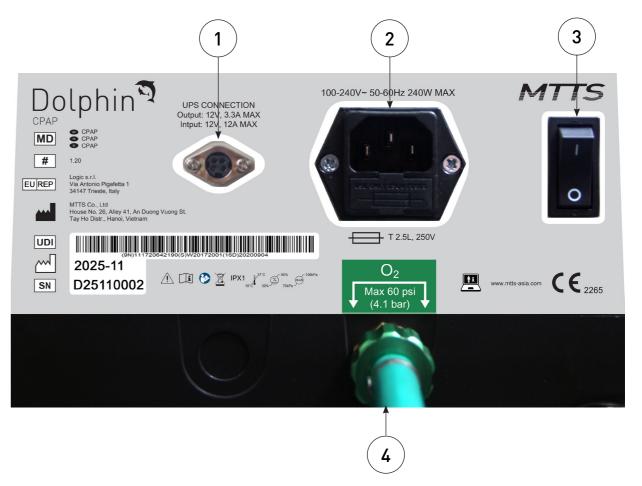


Overview



Device Description

Back Panel



1	12V UPS Connector	Use this connector to connect MTTS backup 12V power supply	
2 AC Power Inlet		Use this power inlet to connect the device to mains power. The power requirements for the device are listed on the back panel and in the <i>Specifications</i> section.	
3	Mains Power Switch	This switch is used to turn the mains power to the device on and off. The switch is pictured in the off position.	
4	Oxygen Inlet	Use this CGA 1240 oxygen inlet to connect a compressed oxygen source to the device.	

Note

Contact MTTS representative with specific questions about alternative power sources.





CPAP Display 1 2 3 4 5 6 6 FiO₂ FiO₂ FiO₂ FiO₂ 7 8 7

1	On / Off Button	Hold this button for 2 seconds to turn the CPAP display and functions on and off.	
2	Set Flow Rate Display Shows the selected flow rate of mixed gas in L/min.		
3	Set Flow Rate Adjustment Arrows Use these buttons to increase or decrease the selected flow rate.		
4	Set FiO ₂ Display	Shows the selected FiO ₂ as a percentage.	
5	Set FiO ₂ Adjustment Arrows	Use these buttons to increase or decrease the ${\rm FiO_2}$ percentage.	

Device Description

6	Alarm Silence Button Press this button to temporarily silence CPAP ala for 110 seconds. Press it again to restore alarm sounds.	
7	7 Set Temperature Button Set temperature button: See Operation (CPAP), step just the humidifier and airway temperature set point	
8	Measured FiO ₂ Display Shows the FiO ₂ of the gas delivered to the patient.	
9	9 Measured Temperature Display Shows the lower of the measured temperatures (hur and airway) in °C. During warmup, the display flas indicate the device is not yet ready for use.	
10	See the <i>Alarm System (CPAP)</i> section for detailed infor tion about the CPAP alarm system.	

Components

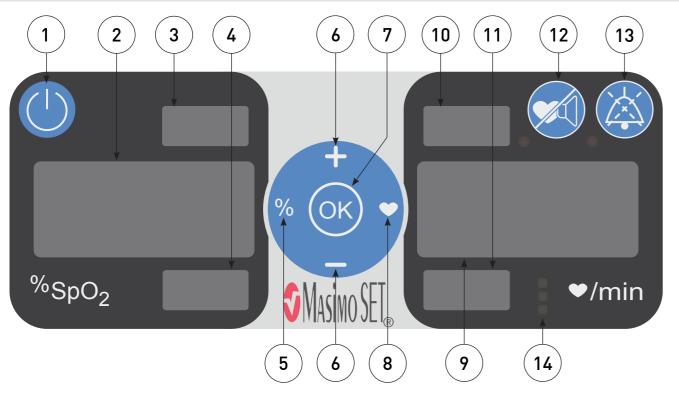
Dolphin CPAP set is provided with following components (one piece of each):

Part	Order Code	Component of
Humidifier	ID 1006	Breathing Circuit
PEEP Chamber	ID 1007	Breathing Circuit
Silicon Tube Set	ID 1008	Breathing Circuit
Heater Wire Draw Line	ID 991	Breathing Circuit
Temperature sensor	ID 990	Breathing Circuit
Heater Wire Connector	ID 1312	Breathing Circuit
Inlet Gas Filter	ID 1219	Control box
Cleaning Brush	ID 1000	Reprocessing
Pulse ox Sensor	ID 999	Pulse ox





Pulse Oximeter Display



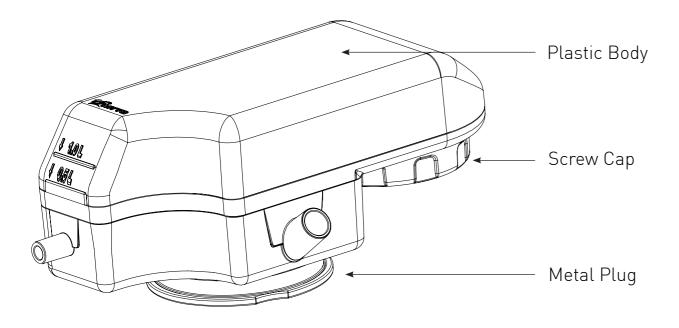
1	On / Off Button	Hold this button for 2 seconds to turn the Pulse Oximeter display and functions on and off.	
2	Shows the functional oxygen saturation of arterial h globin in units of SpO ₂ . When searching for a signal, display will flash dashed lines.		
3	Saturation Upper Alarm Limit Shows the upper alarm limit for saturation. When flashing, this alarm limit can be adjusted using the Increase Decrease Buttons.		
4	Saturation Lower Alarm Limit Shows the lower alarm limit for saturation. When flasting, this alarm limit can be adjusted using the Increase Decrease Buttons.		
5	Saturation Alarm Limit Adjustment Button Press this button once and the Saturation Upper Alar Limit will start flashing. Once flashing, the alarm limit be adjusted using the Increase / Decrease Buttons.		

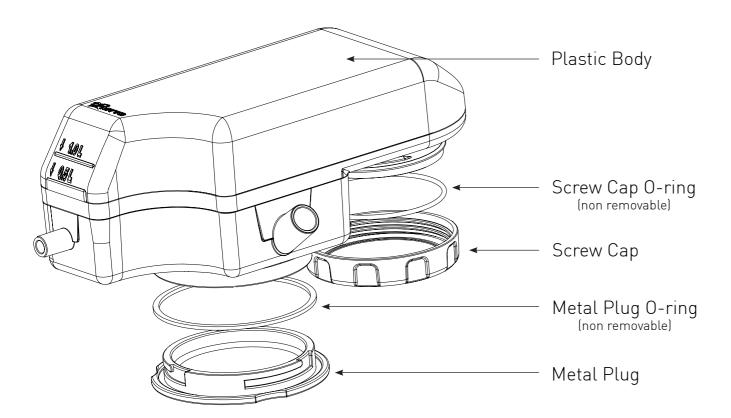
Device Description

6	Increase / Decrease Buttons	Use these buttons to adjust the alarm limits when they are flashing. Press and hold the buttons for faster adjustment.	
7	OK / Select Button	Press this button after adjusting an alarm limit to save the new alarm limit. If you press this button while an upper alarm limit is flashing, the lower alarm limit will start flashing.	
8	Pulse Rate Alarm Limit Adjustment Button	Press this button once and the Pulse Rate Upper Alarm Limit will start flashing. Once flashing, the alarm limit can be adjusted using the Increase / Decrease Buttons.	
9	Pulse Rate Display Shows pulse rate in beats per minute (bpm). When see ing for a signal, this display will flash dashed lines.		
10	Pulse Rate Upper Alarm Limit Shows the upper alarm limit for pulse rate. When flating, this alarm limit can be adjusted using the Increase Buttons.		
11	Pulse Rate Lower Alarm Limit Shows the lower alarm limit for pulse rate. ing, this alarm limit can be adjusted using to Decrease Buttons.		
12	Pulse Sound Silence Button Press this button to silence the pulse sound indefinitely. Press this button again to resume pulse sound.		
13	Press this button to temporarily silence Pulse Oximeter alarm sounds for 110 seconds. Press it agrestore alarm sounds.		
14	Perfusion Indicator	Displays perfusion index (the ratio of the pulsatile blood flow to the nonpulsatile or static blood in peripheral tissue). If perfusion index is high, all of the green lights will rise and fall in correspondence with the pulse. If the perfusion index is lower, two green lights will rise and fall with the pulse. If the perfusion index is very low, a red light will flash with the pulse.	



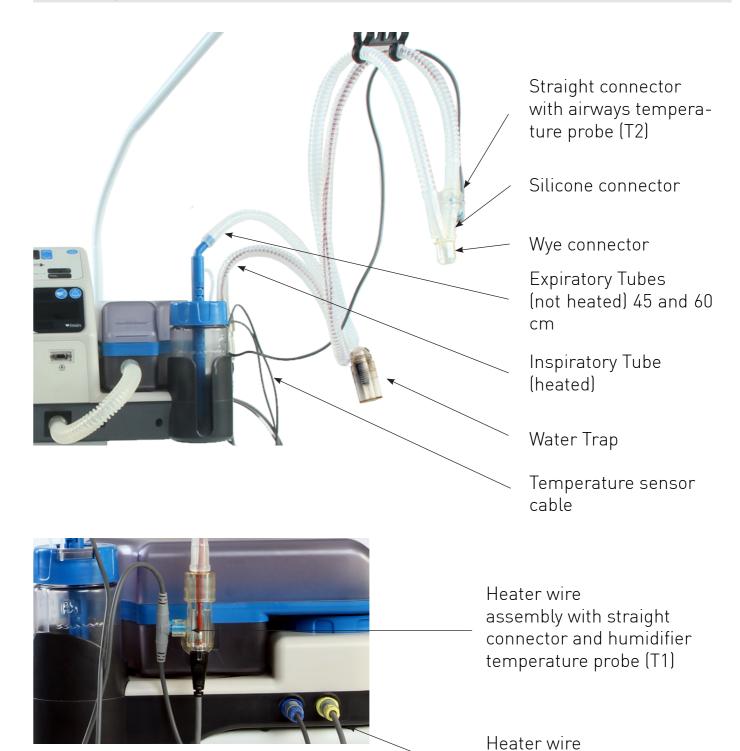
Humidifier





Device Description

Breathing Circuit



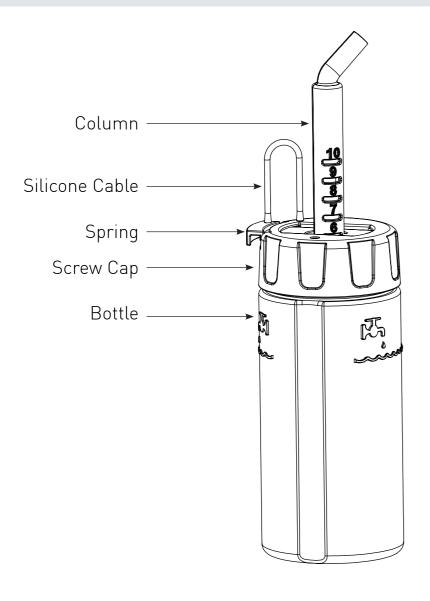




power cable

(yellow)

PEEP Chamber

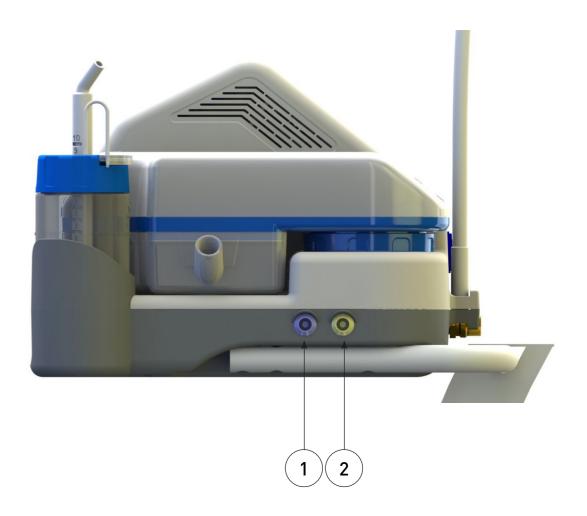


Note

PEEP Chamber can be used safely and effectively without the Silicone Cable, which is only used to ensure that the Spring is not lost

Device Description

Side Panel



1	Temperature Probe Cable Connector (6-pin)
2	Heater Wire Power Cable Connector (/-nin)





Safety Information (CPAP)

- The Dolphin CPAP is to be operated by qualified personnel only. This manual, all precautionary information, and specifications should be read before use.
- Explosion hazard. Do not use the Dolphin CPAP in the presence of flammable anesthetics or other flammable substance in combination with air, oxygen-enriched environments, or nitrous oxide.
- Electrical shock hazard. An operator may only perform maintenance procedures specifically described in this manual. If further maintenance is required, contact your MTTS representative to repair this equipment.
- Using the device outside of the specified ambient temperature range (19°C to 37°C) or humidity range (30%RH to 90%RH) can compromise performance.
- The presence of electro-surgical devices, shortwave or microwave equipment near this device could lead to electrical interference that would negatively affect the function of the device.
- Before its first use, the device must be cleaned and disinfected according to the Reprocessing (CPAP) section. The device must be cleaned and disinfected according to this section before each use with a new patient.
- Using the humidifier, PEEP chamber, tubing or other breathing circuit components without cleaning or disinfection between patients can result in infections.
- The device should only be used with the humidifier, PEEP chamber, tubing, cables and connectors specified in this user manual. Use of components not specified in this user manual can result in serious injury to the patient or operator or damage to the device.
- Adding heat to the patient circuit above ambient temperature levels could result in higher condensation in the inspiratory tube. This includes heat added through incubators, overhead warmers or blankets covering some part of the heated patient circuit.

Safety Information (CPAP)

- Do not modify this equipment without authorization of the manufacturer.
- Do not operate the device if any of the components appear to be damaged or broken. Damaged or broken components should be discarded and replaced.
- Do not position the device in a location that reduces its ventilation.
- Do not block any of the air vents on the sides or bottom of the device.





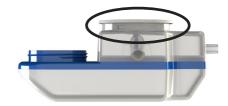
1. Assemble and fill the humidifier.

Note

Ensure the metal plug o-ring and the screw cap o-ring are both present.

The humidifier cannot be used without these o-rings.

A. Attach the metal plug by sliding it on to the bottom of the humidification chamber and twisting to engage the locking mechanism.



B. Place the humidifier upside down on a table, countertop or other flat surface. Use distilled or sterile water to fill the humidifier through the screw cap hole.



Note

The fill lines indicate the amount of water that will be available for therapy once the humidifier is flipped right-side up.

Setup (CPAP)

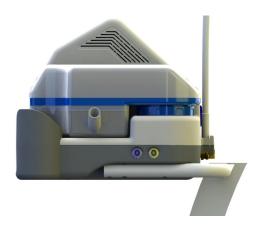
C. Attach the screw cap by twisting it onto the threads until a tight seal is formed.



D. Place the humidifier right-side up on a flat surface. Wait 1 minute and observe if water is leaking from either the metal plug or the screw cap.



E. If no leaks are observed, carefully carry the humidifier to the control box and place it so the metal plug sits flat on the heater plate.



Note

- If leaking occurs, check that the parts are correctly assembled and not damaged. Discard and replace any damaged parts.
- The surface of the heater plate can be hot during the warm-up time (approx. 10 min).





2. Assemble and fill the PEEP Chamber.

A. Fill the bottle with distilled or sterile water until the water level reaches the fill line.



B. Attach the screw cap by twisting it until tight.



C. Insert the spring into the screw cap in the orientation shown in the picture.



Setup (CPAP)

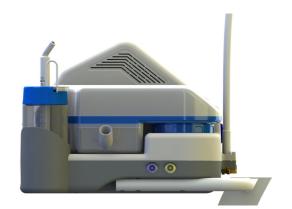
D. Line up the notch in the column with the plastic extension of the spring. Press in the spring and begin to insert the column into the bottle. When the numbers on the column reach the cap, you will need to twist the column back-and-forth to continue inserting it. Once you have reached the desired depth, release the spring to lock the column in place.



Note

The numbers on the column indicate the depth of the column (in cm) in the water when the water is filled up to the fill line.

E. Place the assembled PEEP Chamber in the PEEP Chamber holder.





3. Assemble the heated breathing circuit.

A. Prepare the draw line for this procedure

Note

Make sure the draw line is clean before using it. You should disinfect it with alcohol based solution.



B. Push the heater wire from the wide side of the straight connector through to the other side.



C. Pull the straight connector down the wire until it reaches the heater wire housing. Firmly connect the two plastic parts.



Setup (CPAP)

D. Insert the draw line into the inspiratory breathing tube until the narrower end extends outside of the tube. Hook this end around the heater wire.



E. Gently pull the wire into the breathing tube.

Continue pulling until the

breathing tube can be attached to the straight

connector. Attach the tube firmly. Once attached, twist the draw line slightly to detach it

from the heater wire. Pull the draw line completely out of the tube and set it aside.



F. Attach water trap between expiratory breathing tubes (the order of the tubes is not important)



G. Attach the straight connector with temperature probe port to the end of the inspiratory tube (the direction of this part is not important). Then attach the silicone connector, wye connector, and expiratory breathing tube as shown in the pictures.



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4. Attach the heated breathing circuit.

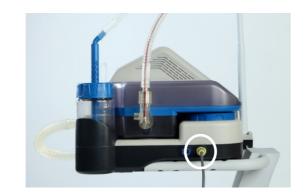
A. Attach the heater wire housing to the humidifier. The heater wire housing should point straight up, as shown in the picture.



B. Attach the expiratory tube to the PEEP column.



C. Attach the yellow plug of the heater wire power cable to the yellow female connector on the device.



Setup (CPAP)

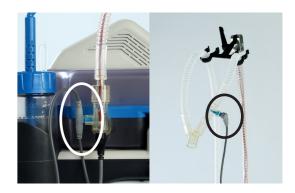
D. Attach the black end of the heater wire power cable to the heater wire connector.



E. Attach the blue plug of the temperature sensor cable to the blue female connector on the device.



F. Attach temperature probe T1 to the port in heater wire housing (white circle) and T2 to port in the straight connector (black circle).



Note

Check regularly if the temperature probes are fully inserted and the connection is tight.





5. Attach the humidifier connection tube, gas hose, and power cord.

A. Attach the humidifier connection tube to the humidifier gas inlet and the mixed gas output on the control box.



B. Attach the compressed oxygen source to the CGA 1240 oxygen inlet.



The gas sources must provide pressure within the range of 3.5 to 60 psi (0.25 to 4.1 bar). If the gas sources are outside of this range, the device may not be able to produce the desired flow rate and %FiO₂.

Attaching the compressed oxygen will not waste any oxygen. The machine will not use any compressed oxygen until you increase the FiO₂ value in step 3 in the *Operation (CPAP)* section.

Note

- Do not attach the device to the humidifier bottle often provided with the flow meter. Attach it directly to the flow meter or pressure gauge.
- The humidification of the oxygen is not necessary at this stage and can increase the risk of damaging the device by condensing water.

Setup (CPAP)

- C. Attach the power cord to the AC power inlet on the back of the Dolphin CPAP.
- **D.** Locate an AC power source with adequate power rating for the Dolphin CPAP. The power requirements for the device are listed on the back panel and in the *Specifications* section.
- **E.** Connect the power cord to the appropriate AC power source.

Note

- Only connect the Dolphin CPAP to a three-wire, grounded, hospital-grade receptacle. The threeconductor plug must be inserted into a properly wired three-wire receptacle; if a three-wire receptacle is not available, a qualified electrician must install one in accordance with the governing electrical code.
- Do not under any circumstances remove the grounding conductor from the power plug.
- Do not use extension cords or adapters of any type. The power cord and plug must be intact and undamaged.
- To ensure patient electrical isolation, connect only to other equipment with electronically isolated circuits.
- Do not connect the Dolphin CPAP to an electrical outlet controlled by a wall switch or dimmer.



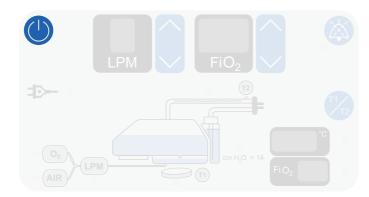


1. Turn on power to the CPAP.

A. Move the rocker switch to the on position and wait 3 seconds.



B. Press and hold the power button on the CPAP Display for 2 seconds.



C. After turning on the CPAP display, all of the lights will turn on and an alarm tone will sound briefly

Note

If a system failure is detected by the Dolphin CPAP at this time, an error message will be indicated by the letter 'E' and a number on the display. If this happens, note the error number and contact your MTTS representative.

Operation (CPAP)

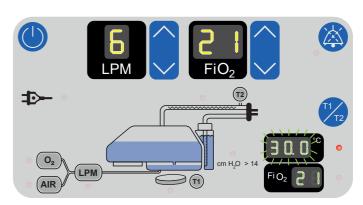
2. Allow the CPAP to warm-up (≤10 minutes).

Note

Do not connect the patient to the device during warm-up. If you do, the patient will receive inspiratory gas with suboptimal temperature and humidity.

No action is required during this step. When the displayed temperature value stops flashing, you may proceed to the next step. The bullet points below describe what the Dolphin CPAP is doing during this time.

- The heater plate and wire begin heating.
- The gas begins flowing at 6 L/min and 21 %FiO₂.
- The temperature display flashes and the red light next to the temperature display
- is illuminated until warm-up is complete.



• The warm-up is complete when the temperature display value stops flashing and the red light turns off.

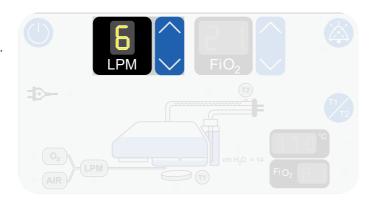
Note

- The temperature display will typically show the lower of the measured humidifier and airway temperatures in °C. Step 8 explains how you can choose to view the humidifier temperature or the airway temperature.
- The default temperature for the humidifier temperature sensor (T1) is 34°C. The default temperature for the airway temperature sensor (T2) is 37°C.
- Ambient conditions can cause excessive condensation in breathing circuit. This effect can be reduced by adjusting T1 and T2 temperatures - see step 4.

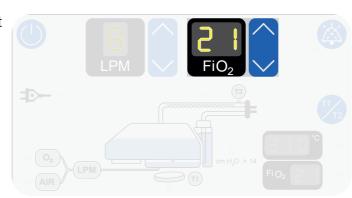


3. Adjust the target flow and FiO₂ set points.

A. Adjust the Set Flow Rate using the arrow keys next to the Set Flow Rate Display.



B. Adjust the Set FiO₂ using the arrow keys next to the Set FiO₂ Display.

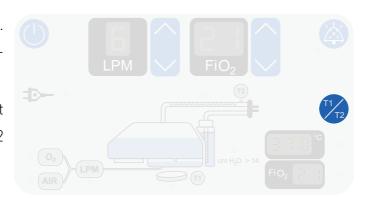


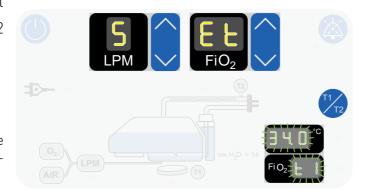
4. Adjust the humidifier and airway temperature set point.

- **A.** Press Set temperature button (T1/T2 button). The temperature display will flash during adjustment.
- **B.** Use either set of arrows to adjust T1 set point (31°C-37°C). Confirm by pressing the T1/T2 button again.
- **C.** Use either set of arrows to adjust T2 set point (35°C-40°C). Confirm by pressing the T1/T2 button again.

Note

For software version 1.20.013 and above, T1 cannot be set higher than T2-3°C to mitigate excessive condensation





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Operation (CPAP)

5. Adjust the PEEP column to the target pressure.

Press in the PEEP spring with one hand, and use the other hand to twist the column back-and-forth while pulling it up or pushing it down. Once the column is at the desired depth, release the spring to lock it in place. Refer to the *Specifications* section for information about the relationship between the PEEP column setting, delivered pressure, and flow rate.

6. Test for leaks.

Occlude the opening on the patient interface connector with your palm (covered in a sterile glove) and observe for bubbling in the PEEP chamber. If there is bubbling, proceed to the next step. If there is no bubbling, look for any leaks in the breathing circuit. If no leak is found, increase the flow rate by 1 L/min and recheck.

7. Connect to the patient.

- **A.** Select an appropriate patient interface for the patient according to hospital protocol. Make sure it can attach to the 15mm conical connector on the breathing circuit, but do not attach it.
- **B.** Apply the patient interface to the patient according to hospital protocol.
- **C.** Connect the patient interface to the breathing circuit.
- **D.** There should be bubbling in the PEEP chamber. If there is no bubbling, check for leaks in the breathing circuit.

8. Monitor during use.

- **A.** Check that the water in the PEEP chamber remains at the fill line. If the water drops below the fill line, carefully add more water through the syringe fill hole.
- **B.** Check for condensation in the breathing circuit. Drain the water trap as required.
- **C.** Check the water level in the top of the humidifier. When it gets below the level of the blue plastic trim, refill it or replace it with a new humidifier, in line with local policy. If replacing, clean and disinfect the used humidifier according to the *Reprocessing (CPAP)* section.



- D. Ensure the water in the PEEP chamber is bubbling. If it is not bubbling and there is an alarm signalling on the display, address the alarm using the *Alarm System (CPAP)* section as guidance. If it is not bubbling and there is no alarm on the display, disconnect the patient from the breathing circuit and occlude the patient interface with your palm (covered in a sterile glove). If bubbling resumes, check patient for apnea or air leakage from the mouth. If bubbling does not resume, there is likely a leak in the breathing circuit.
- **E.** The temperature display typically displays the lower of the measured humidifier and airway temperatures. To check the temperature at both sensors, hold down the alarm silence button for 2 seconds. After 2 seconds, the temperature display will show the humidifier temperature and the FiO₂ display will show the text "t1". After a few seconds, the temperature display will show the airway temperature and the FiO₂ display will show the text "t2".

9. Refilling the humidifier

It might be necessary to add water to the humidifier during the therapy. To do so, without interrupting the treatment, follow the steps below.

Note

- Disinfect your hands before starting the process.
- Ignore all alarms during the refilling process.
- **A.** Disconnect heater wire power cord (yellow connector)



Operation (CPAP)

B. Disconnect mixed gas outlet tube from humidifier inlet



C. Disconnect heater wire connector from humidifier outlet



D. Connect mixed gas outlet tube into heater wire connector



E. Refill and reconnect humidifier breathing circuit (Ref. to Par. 1 on page 20)

Note

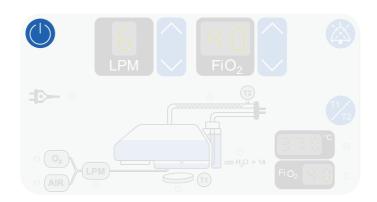
The alarms will continue for approximately 5 minutes. After that device should come back to normal operation.





10. Turn off the CPAP.

A. When you are done using the CPAP, turn it off by pressing and holding the power button for 2 seconds.



B. After pressing the power button, move the rocker switch to the off position.



Note

The Dolphin CPAP must be reprocessed between uses with different patients. Reprocess the Dolphin CPAP according to the *Reprocessing (CPAP)* section.

Alarm System (CPAP)

Note

The Pulse Oximeter has a separate alarm system explained in the *Alarm System (Pulse Oximeter)* section.

The CPAP alarm system will generate visual and audible alarm signals to notify you of alarm conditions that the system detects.

1. Alarm Identification

Each alarm condition in the CPAP alarm system is considered a high priority alarm. Each alarm includes both an audible and visual alarm signal. It is best that the operator be within a maximum of 1 meter from the unit to observe the alarms.

2. Alarm Indication

An alarm condition is indicated by:

- Audible alarm tone
- Visual alarm indicator (1 flashing red light)

3. Alarm Silence

Audible alarms may be suspended, while visual alarms may not. The alarm silence button is used to temporarily silence audible alarms for 110 seconds. When this button is pressed, a yellow light is illuminated next to the button and audible alarms are silenced. When the button is pressed and the yellow light is already on, the yellow light turns off and alarm sounds are restored.

Symbol	Description
	Press this button to temporarily silence CPAP alarm sounds for 110 seconds. Press it again to restore alarm sounds.





Alarm System (CPAP)

4. Alarm Signals

Symbol	Description	Solution
E FiO ₂	The machine has detected a system failure and has shut itself down.	Turn the machine off and then on again. If the error message is still present, note the error number and contact your MTTS representative.
	The machine has been disconnected from the mains power supply.	(1) Check that the power cable is connected to the machine and the wall.(2) Check that the rocker switch on the back panel is in the ON position.(3) Check that the mains power supply is within the required power range for the machine.
cm H ₂ O > 14	The pressure at the patient interface is >14 cmH ₂ 0.	(1) Check that there are no kinks or compressions of the breathing tubes.(2) Check that the water level in the PEEP chamber is at the fill line.(3) If the alarm continues contact your MTTS representative.
0 O2	O ₂ input pressure is too low (set FiO ₂ can't be reached) or too high (i.e. internal regulator broken).	(1) Check that the compressed oxygen tank is connected to the machine.(2) If the tank is low on oxygen, replace it.(3) If the alarm continues contact your nearest MTTS representative.
• (AIR)	The input pressure for air is too low.	(1) Replace air filter. See the <i>Maintenance (CPAP)</i> section for details.
	The heater wire has been disconnected or damaged.	(1) Check that the heater wire power and temperature sensor cables are plugged in securely at both ends.(2) Check that the heater wire is not damaged.

Alarm System (CPAP)

Symbol	Description	Solution
	The heater plate has over- heated and turned itself off momentarily.	 (1) Check that the humidifier reservoir contains water and that the humidifier is sitting flat on the heater plate. (2) If the reservoir contains water, there may be a problem with the refill mechanism. To force the refill mechanism to work, disconnect the patient and briefly occlude the inspiratory circuit.
°C	The actual temperature of T1 or T2 is not within ±2°C of the set point.	 (1) Check that the heater wire power and temperature sensor cables are connected at both ends. (2) Make sure the temperature sensors are completely inserted. If the sensors are loose, they may be inaccurate. (3) Check that there no leaks in the breathing circuit. (4) Check that no external heat source is heating the patient circuit.
FiO ₂	The measured FiO ₂ average over the past 30 seconds is not within ±10%FiO ₂ of the set value. This alarm cannot activate for the 30 seconds following a change to input flow rate or FiO ₂ .	(1) If the alarm light for air or oxygen input pressure is on, troubleshoot that alarm first. (2) Verify that O ₂ source is over 90% (3) Recalibrate or replace the oxygen sensor. See the <i>Maintenance (CPAP)</i> section for details. (4) After all steps, if measured FiO ₂ is still higher than set FiO ₂ contact MTTS
LPM	The measured flow rate average over the past 10 seconds is ±0.5 L/min different than the set flow rate. This alarm cannot activate for the 10 seconds following a change to input flow rate or FiO ₂ .	 (1) Check expiratory tube for condensation rainout. Drain it out if needed. (2) If any other alarm light is on, troubleshoot that alarm first. (3) Turn the machine off and on again. If an error message is present, note the error number and contact your MTTS representative.



Alarm System (CPAP)

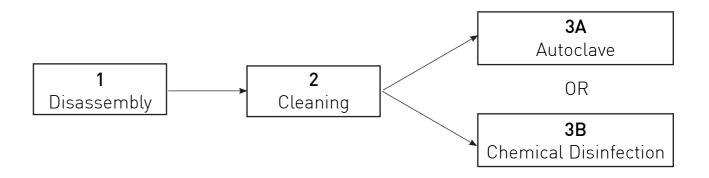
5. CPAP Alarm system test

The functionality of the alarm system can be verified at any time that the CPAP display is on. To verify the alarm system is functioning correctly, unplug the heater wire cable from the side of the machine. An alarm should sound and a flashing red light should be visible next to the heater wire image on the CPAP display. If either of these things does not happen, do not use the machine and contact your MTTS representative.

Reprocessing (CPAP)

The Dolphin CPAP must be reprocessed between uses with different patients.

The reprocessing steps should be carried out as soon as possible after using the device. Most of the parts can be reprocessed at the same time according to the following steps:



The temperature sensor cable must be reprocessed separately according to step 4 in this section.

Note

- The disinfection processes in steps 3B and 4 have been tested with the Dolphin CPAP. If you do not have the products recommended for these processes, you may use alternative disinfection agents as long as they can achieve high-level disinfection and are compatible with silicone, polysulfone, and aluminium. Contact your MTTS representative with specific questions about alternative disinfection methods.
- At the time of this publication, bleach solution is not an FDA approved high-level disinfectant.
- Make sure to wash your hands and/or wear sterile gloves whenreassembling breathing circuit.



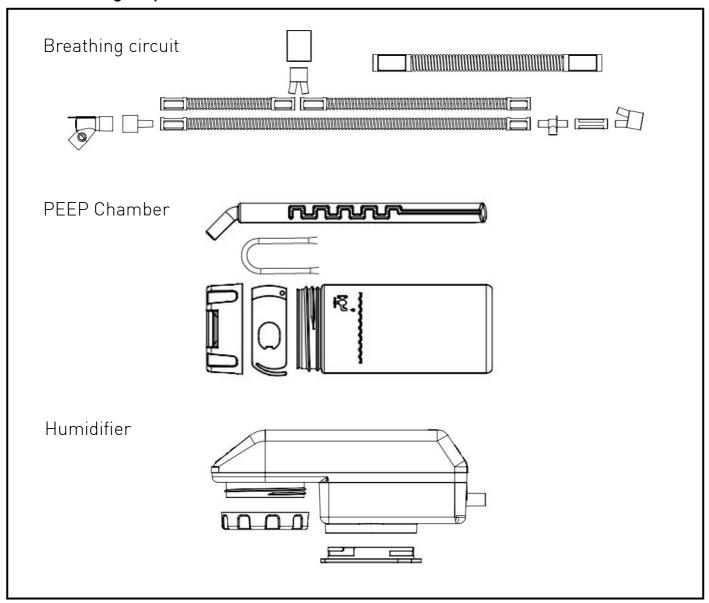


Reprocessing (CPAP)

1. Disassembly

Disassemble all parts of the breathing circuit, PEEP chamber, and humidifier. Separate the parts according to the picture.

Process using steps 2 and 3A/3B.



Process using step 4 only.



Reprocessing (CPAP)

2. Cleaning

Note

- Do not include the temperature sensor cable in this step.
- If distilled water is not available, boiled water that has been cooled to tepid may be used.
- If you do not allow the parts to dry, the autoclave and chemical disinfection steps may not be effective.

The following equipment is needed for cleaning:



- **A.** Fill a sink or large bucket with distilled water and add mild detergent to form a detergent solution.
- **B.** One by one, submerge each part in the solution and wipe down with a cloth until clean. Use the small end of the brush to clean the small tube in the humidifier. Use the big end of the brush to clean inside the breathing tubes, PEEP column, and the gas input and output on the humidifier.
- **C.** After cleaning, rinse all of the parts in a large amount of distilled water to remove any residue from the cleaning process. Make sure that all surfaces are thoroughly rinsed, including the inside of the tubes and humidifier.
- ${f D}_{f \cdot}$ After rinsing, leave all of the parts to dry completely before proceeding to the next step.





Reprocessing (CPAP)

3A. Autoclave

Note

- Re-sterilize by autoclave under 134°C and 15PSI
- Do not include the temperature sensor cable in this step.
- **A.** Autoclave the parts using the following parameters:

Method	Temperature	Exposure Time	Post-Treatment
Steam Autoclave	134°C	/ main utaa	
(pre-vacuum)	134 C	4 minutes	Allow parts to cool and dry be-
Steam Autoclave	134°C	20 minutes	fore proceeding.
(gravity displacement)	134 6	ZU Minutes	

- **B.** Carefully inspect all of the parts for signs of wear or damage. Discard any worn or damaged parts.
- **C.** Store all parts in a sterile container until use. To save time later, you can assemble the breathing circuit before storing it. To do this, follow the instructions in Step 3 of the *Setup (CPAP)* section.

3B. Chemical Disinfection

Note

- Remember to wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) and work in a well-ventilated area.
- Do not include the temperature sensor cable in this step.
- If distilled water is not available, boiled water that has been cooled to tepid may be used.
- Note that certain glutaraldehyde solutions are reusable for a limited period of time. Follow the guidelines of the glutaraldehyde manufacturer for storage and reuse of the glutaraldehyde solution.
- When disposing of the glutaraldehyde solution, follow manufacturer and local government recommendations.

Reprocessing (CPAP)

The following equipment is needed for disinfection:







Distilled Water



Sink or Bucket

- **A.** Add 2.4% glutaraldehyde solution to a sink or bucket
- **B.** Submerge all parts in the solution and rearrange them to remove any air bubbles from inside the parts. This will allow the solution to contact the entire inner surface of each part.
- **C.** Allow the parts to disinfect for 45 minutes at 25°C. To reduce exposure to glutaraldehyde fumes, which can be irritating, cover the container with a lid during this step.
- **D.** After 45 minutes, remove the parts from the solution and rinse them thoroughly in a container of distilled water. Make sure to flush the inside of the hollow parts with water. Repeat the rinsing procedure twice for a total of three rinses, using a fresh volume of water for each rinse. You may use a final rinse of 70% isopropyl alcohol solution to shorten the drying process.
- **E.** Allow the parts to dry completely.
- **F.** Once dry, carefully inspect all of the parts for signs of wear or damage. Discard any worn or damaged parts.
- **G.** Store all of the parts in a sterile container until use.





Reprocessing (CPAP)

4. Temperature sensor cable cleaning and disinfection

The following equipment is needed for cleaning:





70% Clean Alcohol Cloth

To clean and disinfect temperature cable sensor, use a clean cloth moistened with 70% Alcohol (preferably Ethanol) to gently wipe the temperature tips and the wire.

Reprocessing (CPAP)

5. Cleaning the outer surface of the Dolphin CPAP

To clean the display panel or outer surface of the Dolphin CPAP housing, use a clean cloth moistened with a mild detergent solution to gently wipe the target surfaces.

Note

- Do not allow liquids to enter the interior of the instrument.
- Use the detergent solution sparingly. Excessive solution can flow into the device and cause damage to internal components.
- Do not touch, press, or rub the display with abrasive cleaning compounds, instruments, brushes, rough-surface materials, or bring them into contact with anything that could scratch the display's surface.
- Do not use alcohol, petroleum-based or acetone solutions, or other harsh solvents, to clean the device. These substances attack the device's materials and device failure can result.





Maintenance (CPAP)

The Dolphin CPAP includes a number of parts that must be replaced or serviced during the lifetime of the device. These parts include:

Component	Approx. Duration of Use	Maintenance Information	
Humidifier			
PEEP chamber	150		
Breathing circuit	2 years or 150 uses	Replace parts when needed	
Cleaning brush			
Air filter	6 months	Clean/replace according to step 1 in this section.	
Oxygen sensor	18 months	Calibrate every 3 months according to step 2 in this section.	

Maintenance (CPAP)

1. Air filter replacement

- **A.** Turn off the device and disconnect the power cord.
- **B.** Use a Philips head screwdriver to remove the screws on the bottom hatch of the device. Remove the bottom hatch completely and place it on the table



C. Gently take the filter from the bottom and replace with a clean one.



Note

The smoothed surface of the filter must face upwards. The filter must touch the muffler and fit the frame.





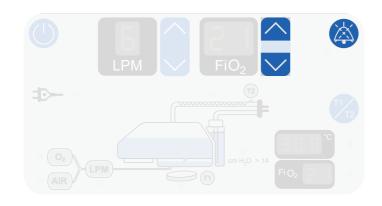
Maintenance (CPAP)

2. Oxygen sensor calibration

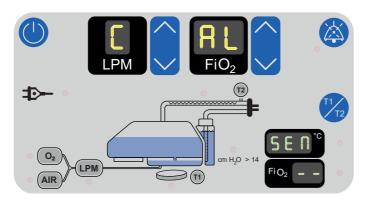
The oxygen sensor should be calibrated once every 3 months.

To calibrate the oxygen sensor:

- A. Disconnect humidifier, termperature sensor, oxygen input and breathing circuit.
- **B.** Turn on the device.
- C. Begin calibration by pressing and holding the following buttons for 5 seconds: FiO₂ up arrow, FiO₂ down arrow, alarm silence button.



D. After holding the buttons for 5 seconds, the device will enter sensor calibration mode. While the sensor is calibrating, the CAL SEN message will illuminate as shown in the picture. The calibration may take up to two minutes.



E. Turn off the device.

Maintenance (CPAP)

Safety Information (Pulse Oximeter)

- The Dolphin CPAP is to be operated by qualified personnel only. This manual, all precautionary information, and specifications should be read before use.
- Explosion hazard. Do not use the Dolphin CPAP in the presence of flammable anesthetics or other flammable substance in combination with air, oxygen-enriched environments, or nitrous oxide.
- Electrical shock hazard. An operator may only perform maintenance procedures specifically described in this manual. If further maintenance is required, contact your MTTS representative to repair this equipment.
- Using the device outside of the specified ambient temperature range (19°C to 37°C) or humidity range (30%RH to 90%RH) can compromise performance.
- The presence of electro-surgical devices, shortwave or microwave equipment near this device could lead to electrical interference that negatively affects the function of the device.
- As with all medical equipment, carefully route patient cabling to reduce the possibility of patient entanglement or strangulation.

Safety Information (Pulse Oximeter)

- Do not modify this equipment without authorization of the manufacturer.
- Do not operate the device if any of the components appear to be damaged or broken. Damaged or broken components should be discarded and replaced.
- Do not position the device in a location that reduces its ventilation. Do not block any of the air vents on the sides or bottom of the device.
- Do not use the device or pulse oximetry sensors during magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) scanning. Induced current could potentially cause burns. The device may affect the MRI image, and the MRI unit may affect the accuracy of the oximetry measurements.
- A pulse oximeter should NOT be used as an apnea monitor.
- Pulse rate measurement is based on the optical detection of a peripheral flow pulse and therefore may not detect certain arrhythmias. The pulse oximeter should not be used as a replacement or substitute for ECG based arrhythmia analysis.
- A pulse oximeter should be considered an early warning device. As a trend towards patient deoxygenation is indicated, blood samples should be analyzed by a laboratory co-oximeter to completely understand the patient's condition.
- Interfering Substances: Carboxyhemoglobin may erroneously increase readings. The level of increase is approximately equal to the amount of carboxyhemoglobin present. Dyes, or any substance containing dyes, that change usual arterial pigmentation may cause erroneous readings.
- A functional tester cannot be utilized to assess the accuracy of the Pulse Oximeter or any sensors.

MTTS



Overview (Pulse Oximeter)

General Description

Pulse oximetry is a continuous and non-invasive method of measuring the level of arterial oxygen saturation in blood. The measurement is taken by placing a sensor on the patient, usually on the hand or foot for neonates. The sensor connects to the pulse oximetry instrument directly or with a patient cable. The sensor collects signal data from the patient and sends it to the instrument. The instrument displays the calculated data in two ways:

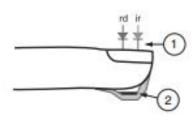
- 1. As a percent value for arterial oxygen saturation (SpO₂) and
- 2. As a pulse rate (bpm).

Principle of Operation

Pulse oximetry is governed by the following principles:

- 1. Oxyhemoglobin (oxygenated blood) and deoxyhemoglobin (non-oxygenated blood) differ in their absorption of red and infrared light (spectrophotometry).
- 2. The amount of arterial blood in tissue changes with your pulse (photoplethysmography). Therefore, the amount of light absorbed by varying quantities of arterial blood changes as well.

The Dolphin CPAP incorporates Masimo SET technology which uses a two-wavelength pulsatile system to distinguish between oxygenated and deoxygenated blood. Signal data is obtained by passing red (rd) (660 nm wavelength) and infrared (ir) (905 nm wavelength) light through a capillary bed (for example a fingertip, a hand or a foot) and measuring changes in light absorption during the pulsatile cycle. This information may be useful to clinicians. The Dolphin CPAP utilizes a sensor with red and infrared light-emitting diodes (LEDs) that pass light through the site to a photodiode (photodetector). The radiant power of the light is rated at 0.79mW (max.). The photodetector receives the light, converts it into an electronic signal and sends it to the Dolphin CPAP for calculation.



1	Light Emitting Diodes (LEDs)
2	Recessed Photo Detector

Overview (Pulse Oximeter)

Once the Dolphin CPAP receives the signal from the sensor, it utilizes Masimo SET signal extraction technology for calculation of the patient's functional oxygen

saturation and pulse rate. The maximum of the skin surface temperature is measured at an ambient temperature of less than 106°F (41°C). This is verified by Masimo sensor skin temperature test procedures.

Functional vs. Fractional Saturation

The Dolphin CPAP is calibrated to measure and display functional saturation which is the amount of oxygenated hemoglobin expressed as a percentage of the hemoglobin that can transport oxygen. The Dolphin CPAP does not measure fractional saturation which is oxygenated hemoglobin expressed as a percentage of all measured hemoglobin. This includes measured dysfunctional hemoglobin such as carboxyhemoglobin or methemoglobin. To convert fractional saturation to functional saturation, the fractional saturation measurements must be converted according to:

Measured vs. Calculated Saturation

Oxygen saturation measurements obtained from a pulse oximeter are commonly compared to saturations calculated from the partial pressure of oxygen (PO_2) obtained from an arterial blood gas sample. When comparing the two measurements and interpreting values, caution should be used, as the calculated value obtained from the blood gas sample may differ from the SpO_2 measurement of the pulse oximeter.

Different results are usually obtained from the blood gas sample if the calculated saturation is not appropriately corrected for the effects of variables that shift the relationship between PO₂ and saturation, such as: pH, temperature, the partial pressure of carbon dioxide (PCO₂), 2,3-DPG, and fetal hemoglobin. Also, as blood gas samples are usually taken over a period of 20 seconds (the time it takes to draw blood) a meaningful comparison can only be achieved if the core oxygen saturation of the patient is stable and not changing over the period of time that the blood gas sample is taken.



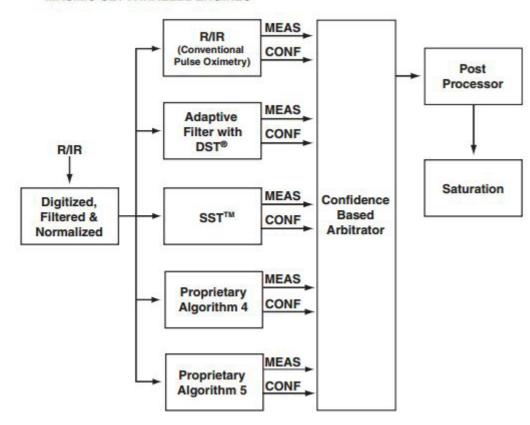


Overview (Pulse Oximeter)

Masimo SET Signal Extraction Technology

Masimo Signal Extraction Technology's signal processing differs from conventional pulse oximeters. Conventional pulse oximeters assume that arterial blood is the only blood moving (pulsating) in the measurement site. During patient motion, however, the non-arterial blood also moves, causing conventional pulse oximeters to read low values, because they cannot distinguish between the arterial and venous blood movement (sometimes referred to as noise). Masimo SET pulse oximetry utilizes parallel engines and adaptive digital filtering. Adaptive filters are powerful because they are able to adapt to the varying physiologic signals and/or noise and separate them by looking at the whole signal and breaking it down to its fundamental components. The Masimo SET signal processing algorithm, Discrete Saturation Transform (DST) (DST)

MASIMO SET PARALLEL ENGINES

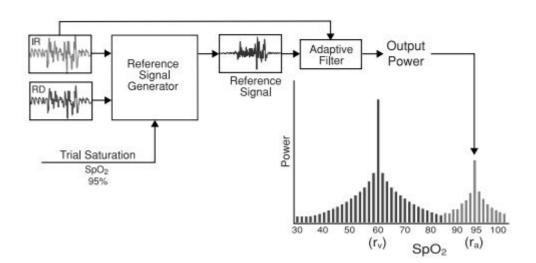


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MTTS

Overview (Pulse Oximeter)

MASIMO SET DST



Setup (Pulse Oximeter)

1. Plug in the Dolphin CPAP (if it is not already plugged in).

- A. Attach the power cord to the AC power inlet on the back of the Dolphin CPAP.
- **B.** Locate an AC power source with adequate power rating for the Dolphin CPAP. The power requirements for the device are listed on the back panel and in the *Specifications* section.
- **C.** Connect the power cord to the appropriate AC power source.

Note

- Only connect the Dolphin CPAP to a three-wire, grounded, hospital-grade receptacle. The threeconductor plug must be inserted into a properly wired three-wire receptacle; if a three-wire receptacle is not available, a qualified electrician must install one in accordance with the governing
 electrical code.
- Do not under any circumstances remove the grounding conductor from the power plug.
- Do not use extension cords or adapters of any type. The power cord and plug must be intact and undamaged.
- To ensure patient electrical isolation, connect only to other equipment with electronically isolated circuits.
- Do not connect the Dolphin CPAP to an electrical outlet controlled by a wall switch or dimmer.

Setup (Pulse Oximeter)

2. Connect the patient cable and sensor.

- **A.** Connect the patient cable to the Masimo Patient Cable Connector on the front of the device Make sure it is a firm connection and the cable is not twisted, sliced or frayed.
- **B.** Select a compatible sensor in accordance with the *Sensors & Patient Cables (Pulse Oximeter)* section of this user manual.
- **C.** If using a reusable sensor, make sure it opens and closes smoothly. Remove any substances that may interfere with the transmission of light between the sensor's light source and photodetector.
- **D.** Refer to the Directions for Use of the sensor before attaching the sensor to the patient. If using a single patient adhesive or disposable sensor, check that the emitter (red light) and photodetector are properly aligned.
- **E.** With a single patient adhesive or disposable sensor, connect the sensor to the patient cable with the logos lining up; make sure it is a firm connection.







1. Power on the Pulse Oximeter display.

A. Make sure the rocker switch on the back panel is in the on-position.

If the CPAP display is currently lit, the rocker switch is already in the on-position.



B. Press and hold the power button on the Pulse Oximeter display for two seconds to turn it on.



C. After turning on the Pulse Oximeter display, all of the lights will turn on and an alarm tone will sound briefly.

Note

If an error is detected by the Dolphin CPAP at this time, an error message will be indicated using ERR and a number on the display. If this happens, note the error number and contact your MTTS representative.

D. The saturation display and pulse rate display will continue flashing "---" until patient values have been acquired (approximately 10 seconds).



Operation (Pulse Oximeter)

2. Set the SpO, alarm limits.

To adjust patient SpO₂ alarm limits:

A. Press the percent button to begin adjusting the SpO_2 alarm limits. Pressing this button will cause the SpO_2 upper alarm limit to start flashing.



B. While the SpO₂ <u>upper</u> alarm limit is flashing, use the up and down arrows to adjust the alarm limit. When the target number has been reached, press the OK button. Pressing this button will cause the SpO₂ <u>lower</u> alarm limit to start flashing.



C. While the SpO₂ <u>lower</u> alarm limit is flashing, use the up and down arrows to adjust the alarm limit. When the target number has been reached, press the OK button.







3. Set the pulse rate alarm limits.

To adjust patient pulse rate alarm limits:

A. Press the heart button to begin adjusting the pulse rate alarm limits. Pressing this button will cause the <u>upper</u> alarm limit to start flashing.



B. While the <u>upper</u> alarm limit is flashing, use the up and down arrows to adjust the alarm limit. When the target number hasbeen reached, press the OK button.

Pressing this button will cause the <u>lower</u> alarm limit to start flashing.



C. While the <u>lower</u> alarm limit is flashing, use the up and down arrows to adjust the alarm limit. When the target number has been reached, press the OK button.



Operation (Pulse Oximeter)

4. Verify the SpO₂ and pulse rate alarms are functional.

- **A.** Set the SpO₂ upper alarm limit below the patient's SpO₂ reading. Confirm that an alarm tone sounds, the SpO₂ display flashes, and three red lights flash.
- **B.** Set the SpO₂ lower alarm limit above the patient's SpO₂ reading. Confirm that an alarm tone sounds, the SpO₂ display flashes, and three red lights flash.
- **C.** Repeat steps A and B, varying the pulse rate upper and lower alarm limits instead of the SpO₂ alarm limits.

5. Verify the sensor alarms are functional.

- **A.** Remove the sensor from the sensor site. Confirm the alarm tone sounds, the message "cH SEn" is displayed, and three red lights flash.
- **B.** Disconnect the sensor from the patient cable or device. Confirm the alarm tone continues to sound, the message "no SEn" is displayed, and three red lights flash.

6. Verify the alarm silence mode is functional.

- **A.** Create an alarm condition by adjusting one of the alarm limits.
- B. Press the alarm silence button.

 Confirm that no alarm tones start for the next 110 seconds, and that the yellow light next to the alarm silence button is lit.



7. To begin patient monitoring:

- A. Adjust the alarm limits.
- **B.** Use the pulse sound button to toggle between an enabled or disabled pulse sound.



C. Verify the sensor is applied correctly and that the measured data is appropriate. See subsection *Successful Monitoring* that begins on the next page.

8. After monitoring is complete:

- **A.** Remove the sensor from the patient and store or dispose of the sensor according to local laws. See the Directions for Use of the sensor.
- **B.** Press and hold the power button for 2 seconds to turn off the pulse oximeter display.



Note

If the Dolphin CPAP loses mains power, the SpO_2 and pulse rate alarm values will be saved until the pulse oximeter display is next powered on. If the Dolphin CPAP is turned off using the power button, no alarm limit values will be saved.

Operation (Pulse Oximeter)

Successful Monitoring

The following general points will aid in ensuring monitoring success.

- Place the sensor on a site that has sufficient perfusion and provides proper alignment of the LEDs and detector.
- Place the sensor on a site that has unrestricted blood flow.
- Do not secure a sensor with tape.
- Do not select a site near potential electrical interference (for example, an electro-surgical device).
- Read the sensor Directions for Use for proper sensor application.

MASIMO PULSE OXIMETRY SENSORS

Before use, carefully read the Masimo sensor Directions for Use. Use only Masimo sensors for pulse oximetry measurements. Tissue damage can be caused by

incorrect application or use of a sensor, for example by wrapping the sensor too tightly. Inspect the sensor site as directed in the sensor Directions for Use to ensure skin integrity and correct positioning and adhesion of the sensor.

Note

- Do not use damaged sensors. Do not use a sensor with exposed optical or electrical components. Do not immerse the sensor in water, solvents, or cleaning solutions (the sensors and connectors are not waterproof). Do not sterilize by irradiation, steam, or ethylene oxide. See the cleaning instructions in the Directions for Use for reusable Masimo sensors.
- Do not use damaged patient cables. Do not immerse the patient cables in water, solvents, or cleaning solutions (the patient cable connectors are not waterproof). Do not sterilize by irradiation, steam, or ethylene oxide.
- Do not attempt to reprocess, recondition or recycle Masimo sensors or patient cables as these processes may damage the electrical components, potentially leading to patient harm.







MEASUREMENTS

If the accuracy of any measurement does not seem reasonable, first check the patient's vital signs by alternate means and then check the Pulse Oximeter for proper functioning.

Inaccurate measurements may be caused by:

- Incorrect sensor application or use.
- Significant levels of dysfunctional hemoglobins (e.g., carboxyhemoglobin or methemoglobin).
- Intravascular dyes such as indocyanine green or methylene blue.
- Interfering Substances: Dyes, nail polish or any substance containing dyes, that change usual blood pigmentation may cause erroneous readings.
- Pulse rate measurement is based on the optical detection of a peripheral flow pulse and therefore may not detect certain arrhythmias. The pulse oximeter should not be used as a replacement or substitute for ECG based arrhythmia analysis.
- Exposure to excessive illumination, such as surgical lamps (especially ones with a xenon light source), bilirubin lamps, fluorescent lights, infrared heating lamps, or direct sunlight (exposure to excessive illumination can be corrected by covering the sensor with a dark or opaque material).
- Excessive patient movement.
- SpO₂ is empirically calibrated to functional arterial oxygen saturation in healthy adult volunteers with normal levels of carboxyhemoglobin (COHb) and methemoglobin (MetHb). A pulse oximeter cannot measure elevated levels of COHb or MetHb. Increases in either COHb or MetHb will affect the accuracy of the SpO₂ measurement.
 - For increased COHb: COHb levels above normal tend to increase the level of SpO₂. The level of increase is approximately equal to the amount of COHb that is present.
 - High levels of COHb may occur with a seemingly normal SpO₂. When elevated levels of COHb are suspected, laboratory analysis (CO-Oximetry) of a blood sample should be performed.
 - For increased MetHb: the SpO₂ may be decreased by levels of MetHb of up to approximately 10% to 15%. At higher levels of MetHb, the SpO₂ may tend to read in the low to mid 80s. When elevated levels of MetHb are suspected, laboratory analysis (CO-Oximetry) of a blood sample should be performed.

Operation (Pulse Oximeter)

- Venous congestion may cause under reading of actual arterial oxygen saturation. Therefore, assure proper venous outflow from monitored site. Sensor should not be below heart level (e.g. sensor on hand of a patient in a bed with arm dangling to the floor).
- Venous pulsations may cause erroneous low readings (e.g. tricuspid valve regurgitation).
- Patient suffers from abnormal pulse rhythm.
- The pulsations from intra-aortic balloon support can be additive to the pulse rate on the oximeter pulse rate display. Verify patient's pulse rate against the ECG heart rate.
- Use only Masimo approved components.
- Motion artifact may lead to inaccurate measurements.
- Elevated levels of Total Bilirubin may lead to inaccurate SpO₂ measurements.
- With very low perfusion at the monitored site, the readings may read lower than core arterial oxygen saturation.
- Do not expose the Pulse Oximeter to excessive moisture such as direct exposure to rain. Excessive moisture can cause the Pulse Oximeter to perform inaccurately or fail.
- Do not immerse the sensor or patient cable in water, solvents, or cleaning solutions (the sensors and connectors are not waterproof).
- Placement of a sensor on an extremity with a blood pressure cuff, arterial catheter, or intravascular line.

The Pulse Oximeter can be used during defibrillation, but the readings may be inaccurate for a short time.

Loss of pulse signal can occur in any of the following situations:

- The sensor is too tight.
- There is excessive illumination from light sources such as a surgical lamp, a bilirubin lamp, or sunlight.
- A blood pressure cuff is inflated on the same extremity as the one with a SpO₂ sensor attached.
- The patient has hypotension, severe vasoconstriction, severe anemia, or hypothermia.
- There is arterial occlusion proximal to the sensor.
- The patient is in cardiac arrest or is in shock.





Alarm System (Pulse Oximeter)

Note

CPAP therapy has a separate alarm system explained in the Alarm System (CPAP) section.

The pulse oximeter alarm system will generate visual and audible alarm signals to notify you of alarm conditions that the system detects.

1. Alarm Identification

Two levels of alarm priority are implemented: high and low priority. The following table outlines the alarm priority specifications:

Alarm Priority	Parameter	Alarm Type	
	Low saturation (SpO ₂ range 1-99%)		
	High saturation (SpO ₂ range 2-100%)		
High	Low pulse rate (pulse rate range 30-199 bpm)		
High	High pulse rate (pulse rate range 35-235 bpm)	Audible and visual	
	Sensor off and no sensor	visuat	
	System failure		
Low	Low perfusion index		

2. Alarm Indication

An alarm condition is indicated by:

- Audible alarm tone
- Visual alarm indicator (3 flashing red lights)
- Out-of-limit parameter will flash

Sensor off and no sensor alarms will only generate an alarm condition after a pulse has been found.

Alarm System (Pulse Oximeter)

3. Alarm Limits

Note

Check alarm limits each time the Pulse Oximeter is used to ensure that they are appropriate for the patient being monitored.

An audible alarm and a flashing alarm status indicator will occur when an alarm limit is exceeded. It is best that the operator be within a maximum of 1 meter from the unit. Directions for alarm silence are indicated in the previous section. When a sensor is not connected to a patient the text "SEn oFF" will illuminate and 3 red lights will flash. When a sensor is not connected to its cable, the text "no SEn" will illuminate and 3 red lights will flash. An audible alarm will accompany the visual indicator unless the Pulse Oximeter has been set to alarm silence mode.

Step-by-step instructions for configuring the alarm limits are given in steps 2 and 3 of the section *Operation (Pulse Oximeter).* The default value and range of the alarm limits are as follows:

Setting	Default Value	Range
SpO ₂ Low Limit	89 %SpO ₂	The ${\rm SpO_2}$ low alarm limit can be set anywhere between 1% and 99%, with a 1% step size.
SpO ₂ High Limit	96 %SpO ₂	The ${\rm SpO_2}$ high alarm limit can be set anywhere between 2% and 100% with a 1% step size.
Pulse Rate Low Limit (BPM)	100 bpm	The pulse rate low alarm limit can be set anywhere between 30 BPM and 199 BPM, with a 5 BPM step size.
Pulse Rate High Limit (BPM	180 bpm	The pulse rate high alarm limit can be set anywhere between 35 BPM and 235 BPM, with a 5 BPM step size.

Note

- The low alarm limit must always be set below the high alarm limit. Attempting to set the high alarm limit below the low alarm limit will not work. In order to set the high alarm limit below the current low alarm limit, you must first change the low alarm limit setting.
- If there is a loss of mains power and the CPAP display is on, the Pulse Oximeter alarm values will be saved. If the Pulse Oximeter display is turned off using the power button or if there is a loss of mains power and the CPAP display is off, the Pulse Oximeter alarm values will return to default values.





Alarm System (Pulse Oximeter)

4. Alarm Silence

Audible alarms may be suspended, while visual alarms may not. The alarm silence button is used to temporarily silence audible alarms for 110 seconds. When this button is pressed, a yellow light is illuminated next to the button and audible alarms are silenced. When the button is pressed and the yellow light is already on, the yellow light turns off and alarm sounds are restored.

Symbol	Description
	Press this button to temporarily silence Pulse Oximeter alarm sounds for 110 seconds. Press it again to restore alarm sounds.

5. Alarm and information signals

The pulse oximeter alarm system will indicate the following alarm and information signals:

Symbol	Description	Solution
*spO ₂ */min	System failure	Turn the machine off and then on again. If the error message is still present, note the error number and contact your MTTS representative.
	Low perfusion index	(1) Rule out occlusion of blood flow. (2) Attempt to warm patient. (3) Move sensor to better perfused site. NOTE: Masimo recommends using an adhesive sensor whenever low perfusion is expected or evident.
SENSON FF	Sensor not connected to patient	Connect the sensor to the patient.

Alarm System (Pulse Oximeter)

Symbol	Description	Solution
Sepo ₂ Sepo	Sensor not connected to device or cable	Connect the sensor to the device or cable.
U Sepo ₂ Sepo ₃ Sep	Interference detected	Ensure that the sensor is properly applied, and cover the sensor site with opaque material, if required.
EP SEN	Sensor defective or unrecognized	Replace the sensor.
*spo ₂ * Min T	Cable not connected to device	Connect the cable to the device.
© Sopo ₂ Sop	Adhesive sensor not connected to device or cable	Connect the adhesive sensor to the device or cable.
SpO ₂ value flashing	May indicate poor data quality (Low signal IQ or Low Perfusion Index)	(1) Rule out occlusion of blood flow. (2) Verify placement of sensor.
Pulse value flashing	May indicate poor data quality (pulse rate still calculating)	Wait for pulse to finish calculating. (This may occur when a sensor is first applied to a patient).
Spo ₂ Shim∏ _a √min	Pulse search	Wait for found pulse. (This search should occur whenever a sensor is first applied to a patient).





Sensors & Patient Cables (Pulse Oximeter)

This section covers the use and cleaning of Masimo SET sensors and Masimo SET patient cables.

Masimo SpO, sensors

Before use of any sensor or cable, carefully read the sensor or cable Directions for Use. Use only Masimo oximetry sensors and cables for SpO₂ measurements. Other oxygen transducers or sensors may cause improper pulse oximeter performance.

Tissue damage can be caused by incorrect application or use of a Masimo sensor, for example by wrapping the sensor too tightly. Inspect the sensor site as directed in the sensor Directions for Use to ensure skin integrity and correct positioning and adhesion of the sensor.

Note

- Do not use damaged sensors. Do not use a sensor with exposed optical or electrical components. Do not immerse the sensor in water, solvents, or cleaning solutions (the sensors and connectors are not waterproof). Do not sterilize by irradiation, steam, or ethylene oxide. See the cleaning instructions in the Directions for Use for reusable Masimo sensors.
- Do not use damaged patient cables. Do not immerse the patient cables in water, solvents, or cleaning solutions (the patient cable connectors are not waterproof). Do not sterilize by irradiation, steam, or ethylene oxide.
- All sensors and cables are designed for use with specific monitors. Verify the compatibility of the monitor, cable and sensor before use, otherwise patient injury can result.
- Do not use additional tape to wrap sensor.

Sensors & Patient Cables (Pulse Oximeter)

Selecting a Masimo SET sensor

When selecting a sensor, consider the patient's weight, the adequacy of perfusion, the available sensor sites, and the duration of monitoring. For more information refer to the following table or contact your MTTS representative. Use only Masimo SET sensors and sensor cables. Select an appropriate sensor, apply it as directed, and observe all warnings and cautions presented in the Directions for Use accompanying the sensor. High ambient light sources such as surgical lights (especially those with a xenon light source), bilirubin lamps, fluorescent lights, infrared heating lamps, and direct sunlight can interfere with the performance of an SpO₂ sensor. To prevent interference from ambient light, ensure that the sensor is properly applied, and cover the sensor site with opaque material, if required. Failure to take this precaution in high ambient light conditions may result in inaccurate measurements.

Sensor Application Instructions

Unless indicated otherwise in the Directions for Use, reposition reusable sensors at least every 4 hours and for adhesive sensors inspect the site at least every 8 hours or sooner. If indicated by circulatory condition or skin integrity, reapply to a different monitoring site.

COMPATIBLE SENSORS

Sensor	Description	Weight	Saturation Accuracy		Pulse Rate Accuracy		Low Perfusion Accuracy	
		Range	No Motion	Motion	No Motion	Motion	Saturation	Pulse Rate
Reusable se	nsor							
M-LNCS™ YI	Reusable Multi-site Sensor	> 1kg	± 3%	± 3%	±3 bpm	± 5 bpm	± 3%	± 3 bpm
Adhesive ser	Adhesive sensor							
M-LNCS™ NeoPt	Sensitive Skin Neonate Adhesive Sensor	< 1kg	± 3%	± 3%	± 3 bpm	± 5 bpm	± 3%	± 3 bpm

Note

M-LNCS™ sensors must be used in conjunction with M-LNC™ cables.





Sensors & Patient Cables (Pulse Oximeter)

These sensors are recommended because they are compatible with the Dolphin CPAP and are often appropriate for the Dolphin CPAP's target patient population. This is NOT a complete list of sensors compatible with the Dolphin CPAP. Contact your MTTS representative for a full list of compatible sensors.

Cleaning and reuse of Masimo sensors

Reusable sensors can be cleaned per the following procedure:

- Remove the sensor from the patient.
- Disconnect the sensor from the Dolphin CPAP.
- Wipe the entire sensor clean with a 70% isopropyl alcohol pad.
- Allow the sensor to air dry before returning it to operation.

Reattachment of single use adhesive sensors

• Single use sensors may be reapplied to the same patient if the emitter and detector windows are clear and the adhesive still adheres to the skin.

If the sensor fails to track the pulse consistently, the sensors may be incorrectly positioned. Reposition the sensor or choose a different monitoring site.

Note

- To avoid cross contamination only use Masimo single use sensors on the same patient.
- Do not reprocess any single use sensors.
- Do not soak or immerse the sensor in any liquid solution. Do not sterilize any Masimo sensor by irradiation, steam, or ethylene oxide.

Sensors & Patient Cables (Pulse Oximeter)

Masimo SET patient cables

Reusable patient cables of various lengths are available. Only use appropriate Masimo oximetry cables for SpO₂ measurements. Other patient cables may cause improper Pulse Oximeter performance.

COMPATIBLE PATIENT CABLES

Cable	Description
M-LNC TM	M-LNCS™ Series Patient Cable

This cable is recommended because it is compatible with the recommended sensors. This is NOT a complete list of cables compatible with the Dolphin CPAP. Contact your MTTS representative for a full list of compatible cables.

Only patient cables and sensors approved by MTTS should be used with the Dolphin CPAP device. Using incompatible parts or components may affect the device's performance and safety.

Cleaning and reuse of Masimo SET patient cables

Patient cables can be cleaned per the following procedure:

- Remove the cable from the sensor.
- Disconnect the sensor from the Dolphin CPAP.
- Wipe clean with a 70% isopropyl alcohol pad.
- Allow the cable to dry before returning it to operation.

Note

- Carefully route patient cables to reduce the possibility of patient entanglement or strangulation.
- Do not soak or immerse patient cables in any liquid solution. Do not sterilize patient cables by irradiation, steam, or ethylene oxide. See the cleaning instructions in the Directions for Use for reusable Masimo patient cables.
- Do not reprocess any Masimo SET patient cables.





Maintenance (Pulse Oximeter)

Under normal operation, no internal adjustment or recalibration is required to operate the pulse oximeter of the Dolphin CPAP. If you think maintenance is required, contact your MTTS representative.

Note

Before cleaning the pulse oximeter display, always turn it off and make sure the AC power cord is disconnected.

Cleaning

To clean the display panel or outer surface of the Dolphin CPAP housing, use a clean cloth moistened with a mild detergent solution to gently wipe the target surfaces.

Note

- Do not allow liquids to enter the interior of the instrument.
- Use the detergent solution sparingly. Excessive solution can flow into the device and cause damage to internal components.
- Do not touch, press, or rub the display with abrasive cleaning compounds, instruments, brushes, rough-surface materials, or bring them into contact with anything that could scratch the display's surface.
- Do not use alcohol, petroleum-based or acetone solutions, or other harsh solvents, to clean the device. These substances attack the device's materials and device failure can result.
- Refer to the previous section *Sensors & Patient Cables (Pulse Oximeter)* for cleaning instructions for sensors and patient cables.

Maintenance (Pulse Oximeter)

Service and repair

Do not use the Dolphin CPAP if the pulse oximetry monitoring features are malfunctioning. Have the unit repaired. In order to have the unit repaired, contact your MTTS representative.

Performance Verification

To test the performance of the pulse oximeter following repairs or during routine maintenance, follow the procedure outlined in this section. If the pulse oximeter fails any of the described tests, discontinue its use and correct the problem before reconnecting the device to the patient.

Before performing the following tests, verify the device is connected to AC power and disconnect any patient cables or pulse oximetry probes from the device.

Power-On Self-Test:

- 1. Turn the monitor on by pressing and holding the power button for 2 seconds. All available LEDs will illuminate and a brief alarm tone will sound.
- 2. The pulse oximeter will begin normal operation.

Key Press Button Test:

1. Press the alarm silence button and the pulse sound silence button each once. Verify that the light adjacent to each button toggles on or off at the press of the button.

Alarm Limit Test:

- 1. Initiate a change in saturation alarm limits by pressing the "percent sign" button. Change the high saturation alarm parameter to a value two points below the currently selected value. Press OK. Change the low saturation alarm parameter to a value two points below the currently selected value. Press OK.
- 2. Initiate a change in pulse rate alarm limits by pressing the "heart" button. Change the high pulse rate alarm parameter to a value five points above the currently selected value. Press OK. Change the low pulse rate alarm parameter to a value five points above the currently selected value. Press OK.





Disposal

- 1. This medical device is classified as electrical and electronic equipment (EEE) as per 2012/19/
- 2. The presence of hazardous substances in EEE poses serious environmental risks (soil contamination, water pollution, air pollution, biodiversity loss, resource depletion) and health risks (toxic exposure, neurological damage, cancer risk, respiratory issues, reproductive health issues).
- 3. Users have a vital role in the lifecycle of electronic products. By taking proactive steps in reuse, recycling, and recovery, they can significantly reduce the environmental impact of waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE) and contribute to a more sustainable future.

NOTE

- Do not dispose of (WEEE) as unsorted municipal waste and to collect such WEEE separately.
- Return the medical device considered to be WEEE to the nearest collection point when it's ready for disposal. The collection points near you can be found here: https://weee-directory.com/

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Specifications

Humidifier temperature probe (T1)

Airway temperature probe (T2)

Volume available for vaporization

Heater plate overtemperature cutout

Maximum operating pressure

Performance Specifications (CPAP)

Control Settings

Set flow rate Default 6 L/min

Range 4 - 9 L/min

Accuracy ±1 L/min

Default 21 %FiO₂

Range 21 - 99 %FiO₂

Default 34.0 °C

Range 31.0 - 37.0 °C

Default 37.0 °C

Range 35.0 - 40.0 °C

Displays

Set Fi0,

Measured temperature display Accuracy ±1 °C

Range 18.0 - 50.0 °C

"Lo" when value is below 18°C

"hi" when value is above 50°C

Measured FiO₂ display Accuracy ±5 %FiO₂

Range 21 - 99 %FiO₂

Humidifier

Warm-up time ≤10 minutes

20 mL

Humidity chamber 1600 mL (maximum)

Reservoir 7 kPa

90 ± 5 °C







Specifications

Performance Specifications (CPAP)

Delivered pressure

The PEEP column can be set at integer values in the range of 1 - 10 cm H_2O with accuracy of ± 10 %.

The pressured delivered to the patient interface connection site is dependant on the PEEP column setting and the flow rate. The relationship between pressure delivered at the patient interface connection site, PEEP column setting, and flow rate is shown in the chart below.

Note

- These values may not be accurate if you do not use the recommended breathing circuit components, or if the PEEP bottle does not contain water even with the fill line.
- The pressure delivered to the patient is lower than the pressure delivered to the patient interface connection site. This is because there is a pressure loss across the patient interface. Different patient interfaces have different amounts of pressure loss.

Pressure Delivered at the Patient Interface Connection Site [cmH₂0]

		Flow Rate Setting [L/min]						
		4	5	6	7	8	9	
0	1	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.4	2.6	
[cmH ₂ 0]	2	2.8	2.9	3.0	3.2	3.4	3.6	
<u> </u>	3	3.9	4.0	4.1	4.3	4.5	4.7	
	4	4.9	5.0	5.1	5.3	5.5	5.7	
setting	5	6.0	6.1	6.2	6.4	6.6	6.8	
	6	6.9	7.0	7.1	7.3	7.5	7.7	
column	7	8.0	8.1	8.2	8.3	8.5	8.7	
	8	8.9	9.0	9.1	9.2	9.4	9.6	
PEEP	9	9.8	9.9	10.0	10.1	10.3	10.5	
E	10	10.8	10.9	11.0	11.2	11.3	11.4	

Specifications

Performance Specifications (Pulse Oximeter)

Measurement Range

Arterial Oxygen Saturation (%SpO₂)¹ 1% to 100%

Pulse Rate 25 bpm to 240 bpm

Perfusion Index 0.02% to 20%

Accuracy - Arterial Oxygen Saturation

Saturation 70% to 100%

No Motion² Infants, Pediatrics ± 2%

Neonates $\pm 3\%$

Motion³ Infants, Pediatrics, Neonates $\pm 3\%$ Low Perfusion⁴ Infants, Pediatrics, Neonates $\pm 2\%$

Accuracy - Pulse Rate⁵

Pulse Rate 25 – 240 (bpm)

No Motion Infants, Pediatrics, Neonates ± 3 bpm

Motion Infants, Pediatrics, Neonates ± 5 bpm

Low Perfusion Infants, Pediatrics, Neonates ± 3 bpm

- 1. SpO_2 was determined by testing on healthy adult volunteers in the range 60%-100% SpO_2 against a laboratory CO-0ximeter. SpO_2 accuracy was determined on 16 neonatal NICU patients ranging in age from 7 to 135 days old and weighting between 0.5 and 4.25 kgs. Seventy-nine [79] data samples were collected over a range of 70-100% SaO_2 with a resultant accuracy of 2.9% SpO_2 . Contact your MTTS representative for testing specifications
- 2. Masimo SET technology with LNOP Adt sensors has been validated for motion accuracy in human blood studies on healthy adult male and female volunteers with light to dark skin pigmentation in induced hypoxia studies while performing rubbing and tapping motions, at 2 to 4 Hz at an amplitude of 1 to 2 cm and a non-repetitive motion between 1 to 4Hz at an amplitude of 2 to 3 cm in induced hypoxia studies in the range of 70-100% SpO₂ against a laboratory CO-Oximeter and ECG monitor. This variation equals plus or minus one standard deviation which encompasses 68% of the population. The saturation accuracy of the neonatal sensors were validated on adult male and female volunteers with light to dark skin pigmentation and 1% was added to account for the properties of fetal hemoglobin.
- 3. Masimo sensors have been validated for motion accuracy in human blood studies on healthy adult male and female volunteers with light to dark skin pigmentation in induced hypoxia studies while performing rubbing and tapping motions, at 2 to 4 Hz at an amplitude of 1 to 2 cm and a non-repetitive motion between 1 to 5 Hz at an amplitude of 2 to 3 cm in induced hypoxia studies in the range of 70-100% SpO_2 against a laboratory CO-0ximeter and ECG monitor. This variation equals plus or minus one standard deviation. Plus or minus one standard deviation encompasses 68% of the population.
- 4. Masimo SET technology has been validated for low perfusion accuracy in bench top testing against a Biotek Index 2 simulator and Masimo's simulator with signal strengths of greater than 0.02% and a % transmission of greater than 5% for saturations ranging from 70 to 100%. This variation equals plus or minus one standard deviation which encompasses 68% of the population.
- 5. Masimo sensors have been validated for pulse rate accuracy for the range of 25-240 bpm in bench top testing against a Biotek Index 2 simulator. This variation equals plus or minus one standard deviation which encompasses 68% of the population.

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Specifications

Physical Specifications

Dimensions (HxWxD) overall 80 cm x 38 cm x 38 cm

Total unit mass 18.0 kg

Alarms High Priority Audible Alarm 5 pulse burst, followed by 0.5 second delay, followed

by 5 pulse burst, followed by 3 second delay

High Priority Audible Alarm (Power out) 330 Hz continuous tone

Low Priority Audible Alarm 2 pulse burst, followed by 20 second delay

High Priority Visual Alarm Red flashing at 1.5 Hz

Alarm Volume >50 dBA at a distance of 1 meter

Type LED

Display Update Rate 1 second

Ingress Protection IPX1 This device is protected against harmful effects of

dripping water per IEC 60529.

Air compressor Internal Integrated

Unit base Mobile 4 caster wheels, 360° swivel with locks

Device noise level <50 dB at a distance of 1 meter

Expected service life 5 years

Electrical Specifications

AC Power requirements 100-240V, 50-60 Hz
Power consumption 240 W maximum

Environmental Specifications

Operating Ambient temperature +19°C to +37°C

Humidity: 30% to 90% RH non condensing

Atmospheric pressure: 70-106kPa

Transport and storage Ambient temperature 0°C to +50°C

Humidity: 5% to 90% RH non condensing

Atmospheric pressure: 70-106kPa

Specifications

Standards for Reference

EN ISO 13485:2016+A11:2021

EN ISO 14971:2019+A11:2021

ISO/TR 24971:2020

EN 60601-1:2006/A1:2013

EN ISO 80601-2-61:2011

EN ISO 8185:2009

EN 60601-1-2:2015

EN 60601-1-6:2010

EN 60601-1-8:2007/AC:2010

EN ISO 10993-1:2020

EN 62304:2006/A1:2015

EN ISO 15223-1:2021

EN ISO 20417:2021

MEDDEV 2.7/1 rev. 4

MEDDEV 2 12/1 rev. 8

MEDDEV 2.12/2 rev. 2

ROHS 2011/65/EU

WEEE 2012/19/EU

Explanation of Symbols



WARNING. Not following this statement could result in injury to the patient or operator, or damage to the device.



EU REP

Authorized Representative in the European Union



Consult instructions for use or consult the electronic insturctions for use (ISO 15223-1)



Device manufacturer.



Consult instructions for use or the electronic insturctions for use (EN 60601-1)



Date of manufacture (YYYY-MM)



Medical device



Hot surface.



Unique device identifier



Type and full rating of fuse



Model number



Liquid ingress protection - level 1 (dripping water)



Serial number.



Defribrillation-proof type BF applied part



Website where a user can obtain additional information on the medical product



Temperature limit



This device contains electronic parts. Do not dispose of it with normal waste. Dispose of it according to local guidelines for disposal of eletronics. Dispose according to the WEEE directive in the European Union.



Humidity limitation



Atmospheric pressure limitation





Warranty Policy

General Terms

This MTTS Limited Warranty gives you, the customer, express limited warranty rights from MTTS, the manufacturer for the duration specified on the Warranty Card. Please refer to the MTTS Website for an extensive description of your limited warranty entitlements. In addition, you may also have other legal rights under applicable law or special written agreement with MTTS.

MTTS MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS WARRANTY OR CONDITION WHETHER WRITTEN OR ORAL AND MTTS EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES AND CON-DITIONS NOT STATED IN THIS LIMITED WARRANTY. TO THE EXTENT ALLOWED BY LOCAL LAW OF JURIS-DICTIONS OUTSIDE VIETNAM, MTTS DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS. INCLUD-ING ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABIL-ITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. FOR ALL TRANSACTIONS OCCURRING IN VIETNAM ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OR CONDITION OF MERCHANT-ABILITY. SATISFACTORY QUALITY. OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE IS LIMITED TO THE DURATION OF THE EXPRESS WARRANTY SET FORTH ABOVE. SOME COUNTRIES DO NOT ALLOW A LIMITATION ON HOW LONG AN IMPLIED WARRANTY LASTS OR THE EXCLU-SION OR LIMITATION OF INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUEN-TIAL DAMAGES FOR CONSUMER PRODUCTS. IN SUCH COUNTRIES, SOME EXCLUSIONS OR LIMITATIONS OF THIS LIMITED WARRANTY MAY NOT APPLY TO YOU. FOR CONSUMER TRANSACTION, THE LIMITED WARRANTY TERMS CONTAINED IN THIS STATEMENT, EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT LAWFULLY PERMITTED, DO NOT EXCLUDE, RESTRICT, OR MODIFY BUT ARE IN ADDITION TO THE MANDATORY STATUTORY RIGHTS APPLICABLE TO THE SALE OF THIS PRODUCT TO YOU.

This Limited Warranty is applicable in all countries and may be enforced in any country or region where MTTS or its authorized service providers offer warranty service for the same product model number (subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this Limited Warranty) Under this Limited Warranty, products purchased in one country or region may be transferred to another country or region where MTTS or its authorized service providers offer warranty service for the same product model number. Warranty terms, service availability, and service response times may vary from country or region to country or region. Standard warranty service response time is subject to change due to local parts availability. If so, your MTTS authorized service provider can provide you with details. MTTS will not alter form, fit, or function of this MTTS product to make it operate in a country for which it was never intended to function for legal or regulatory reasons. MTTS is not responsible for any tariffs or duties that may be incurred in transferring the products.

MTTS guarantees that the product that you have purchased or leased from MTTS is free from defects in materials or workmanship under normal use during Limited Warranty Period. The Limited Warranty Period starts on the date of purchase or lease from MTTS, or from the date MTTS completes installation. Your dated sales or delivery receipt, showing the date of purchase of the product, is your proof of the purchase or lease date. You may be required to provide proof or purchase or lease as a condition of receiving warranty service. You are entitled to hardware warranty service according to the terms and conditions of this document if a repair to your MTTS product is required within the Limited Warranty Period.

Unless otherwise stated, and to the extent permitted by local law, new MTTS product may be manufactured using new materials and used materials equivalent to new in performance and reliability. MTTS may repair or replace MTTS products (a) with new or previously used products or parts equivalent to new in performance and reliability, or (b) with equivalent products to an original product that has been discontinued. Replacement parts are warranted to be free from defects in material or workmanship for ninety (90) days or, for the reminder of Limited Warranty Period of the MTTS product they are replacing or in which they are installed, whichever is longer.

Warranty Policy

MTTS will, at its sole discretion, repair or replace any components or product that manifests a defect in materials or workmanship during the Limited Warranty Period. All component parts removed under this Limited Warranty become the property of MTTS. In the unlikely event that your MTTS product has recurring failures, MTTS at its sole discretion, may elect to provide you with (a) a replacement unit selected by MTTS that is the same or equivalent to your MTTS product in performance or (b) to give you a refund of your purchase price or lease payments (less interests) instead of a replacement. This is your exclusive remedy for defective products.

Exclusions

MTTS DOES NOT WARRANT THAT THE OPERATION OF THIS PRODUCT WILL BE UNINTERRUPTED OR ERROR-FREE. MTTS IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR DAMAGE THAT OCCURS AS RESULT OF YOUR FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE INSTRUCTIONS INTENDED FOR THE PRODUCT.

This Limited Warranty does not apply to expendable or consumable parts and does not extend to any product from which the serial number has been removed or that gas been damaged or rendered defective (a) as a result of accident, misuse, abuse, contamination, improper or inadequate maintenance or calibration (if required) or other external causes; (b) by operation outside the usage parameters stated in the user documentation shipped with the product; (c) by software, interfacing, parts or supplies not supplier by MTTS; (d) improper site preparation or maintenance; (e) virus infection; (f) loss or damage in transit; or (g) by modification or service by anyone other than (i) MTTS personnel, (ii) an MTTS authorized service provider, or (iii) your own installation of end-user replaceable MTTS or MTTS approved parts if available for your MTTS product in the servicing country or region.

Limitation of Liability

IF YOUR MTTS PRODUCT FAILS TO WORK AS WARRANT-ED ABOVE, THE MAXIMUM LIABILITY OF MTTS UNDER THIS LIMITED WARRANTY IS EXPRESSLY LIMITED TO THE LESSER OF THE PRICE YOU HAVE PAID FOR THE PRODUCT OR THE COSTS OF REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT OF ANY HARDWARE COMPONENTS THAT MALFUNCTION IN CONDITIONS OF NORMAL USE.

EXCEPT AS INDICATED ABOVE, IN NO EVENT WILL MTTS BE LIABLE FOR ANY DAMAGES CAUSED BY THE PRODUCT OR THE FAILURE OF THE PRODUCT TO PERFORM, INCLUDING ANY LOST PROFITS OR SAVINGS OR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES. MTTS IS NOT LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM MADE BY A THIRD PARTY OR MADE BY YOU FOR A THIRD PARTY.

THIS LIMITATION OF LIABILITY APPLIES WHETHER DAMAGES ARE SOUGHT, OR CLAIM MADE, UNDER THIS LIMITED WARRANTY OR AS A TORT CLAIM (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE AND STRICT PRODUCT LIABILITY), A CONTRACT CLAIM, OR ANY OTHER CLAIM. THIS LIMITATION LIABILITY CANNOT BE WAIVED OR AMENDED BY ANY PERSON. THIS LIMITATION OF LIABILITY WILL BE EFFECTIVE EVEN IF YOU HAVE ADVISED MTTS OF THE POSSIBILITY OF ANY SUCH DAMAGES. THIS LIMITATION OF LIABILITY, HOWEVER, WILL NOT APPLY TO CLAIMS FOR PERSONAL INJURY.

THIS LIMITED WARRANTY GIVES YOU SPECIFIC LEGAL RIGHTS. YOU MAY ALSO HAVE OTHER RIGHTS THAT MAY VARY FROM COUNTRY TO COUNTRY. YOU ARE ADVISED TO CONSULT APPLICABLE COUNTRY LAWS FOR A FULL DETERMINATION OF YOUR RIGHTS.



Warranty Policy

Limited Warranty Period

The Limited Warranty Period for this MTTS product is a specified, fixed period commencing of the date of purchase and specified on the Warranty Card. The date on your sales receipt is the date of purchase unless MTTS or your reseller informs you otherwise in writing.

Customer Responsibilities

In order to avoid the risk of charges for issues not covered by your limited warranty (issues that are not due to defects in materials and workmanship on MTTS product), you will be asked to assist MTTS as follows:

- Verify configurations, load most recent firmware, install software patches, run MTTS diagnostics and utilities;
- Implement temporary procedures or workarounds provided by MTTS while MTTS works on permanent solution;
- Cooperate with MTTS in attempting to resolve the problem using online chat, email, or telephone. This may involve performing routine diagnostic procedures, installing additional software updates or patches;
- Perform additional tasks as defined within each type of warranty service provided by MTTS and any other actions that MTTS may reasonably request in order to best perform the warranty support

CUSTOMER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR DELIVERING THE PRODUCT (AND ALL COSTS INVOLVED) FROM HIS LOCATION TO THE MTTS AUTHORIZED SERVICE POINT.

Contacting MTTS

If your MTTS product fails during the Limited Warranty Period and the suggestions in the product documentation do not solve the problem, you can receive support by doing one of the following:

- Locate and contact your nearest MTTS service provider via MTTS website:
- http://www.mtts-asia.com/support/
- Call the Technical Support Center: +84 43 766 6521

Before calling MTTS or an MTTS authorized service provider please have the following information available:

- Product serial number and model name
- Applicable error messages
- Detailed questions







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